

Missouri Telehealth Network

University of Missouri

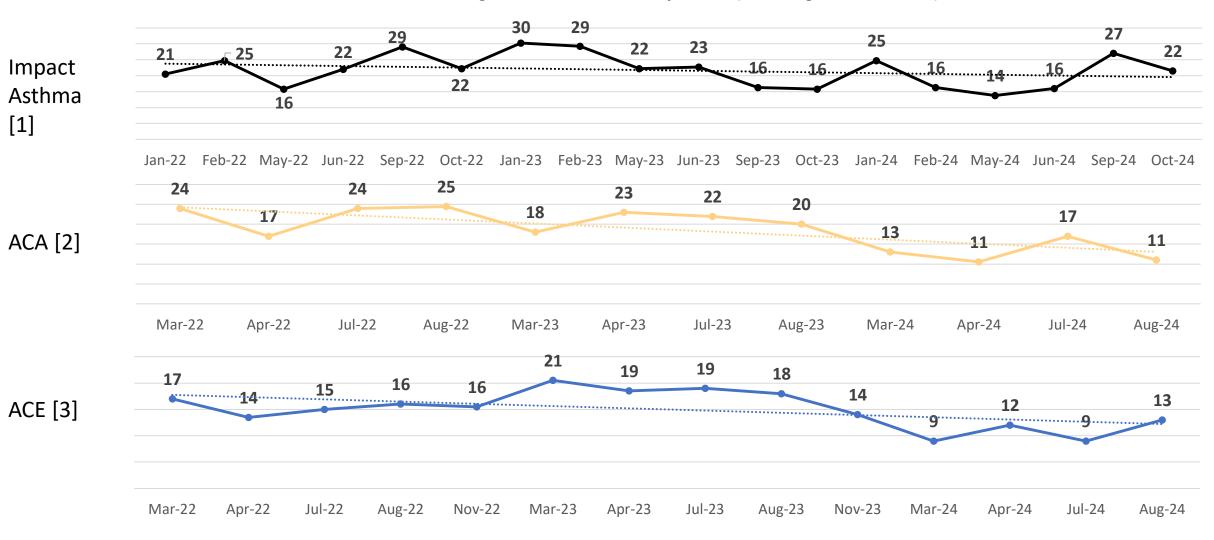
Show-Me ECHO

Asthma in Healthcare ECHO

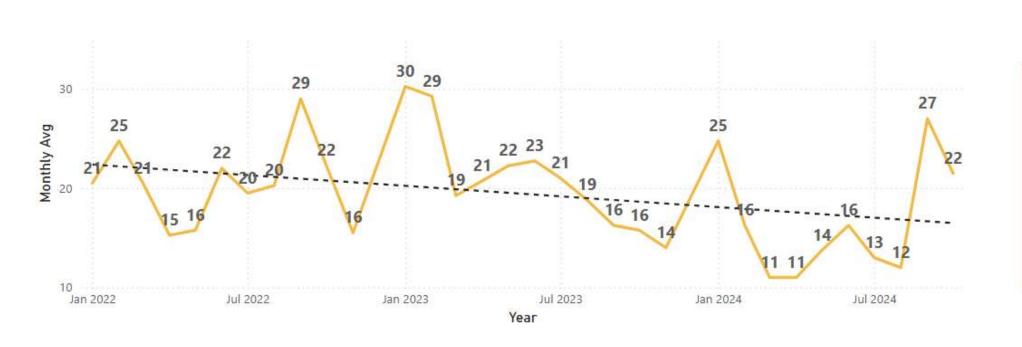
January 2022 – October 2024 Snapshot



2022-2024 Average Session Attendance by Month (excluding hub team/staff)



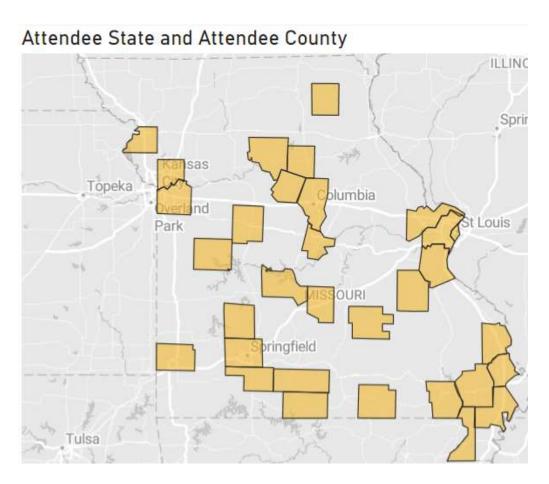
2022 - 2024 Average Session Attendance by Month (excluding hub team/staff)



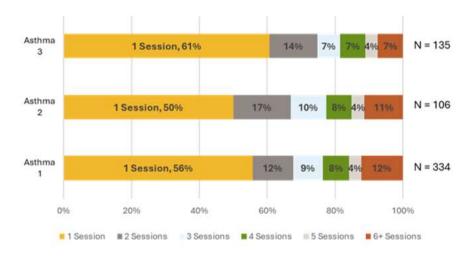
16 Rolling 12 Month Average through October 2024 *Months with no attendance are not included the average.

227 Unique Attendees 32 Counties

2024 Attendance Distribution

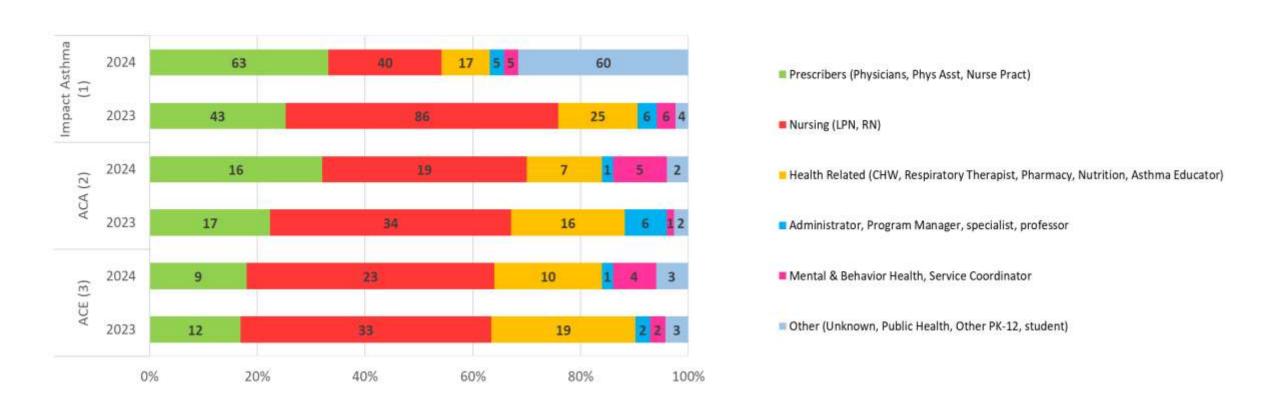


Last 2 Years (Nov 2022- Oct 2024)



Unique Participation by Credentials

Target Audience: Physicians, NPs, PAs, RNs, RTs, care managers, school nurses, CHWs, Asthma Educator, EMS



Missouri Telehealth Network University of Missouri

Impact	
Asthma	[1]

In 2024, 100% of sessions had a case. 46% of sessions had a case by a spoke.

ACA [2]

In 2024, 100% of sessions had a case. 75% of sessions had a case by a spoke.

ACE [3]

In 2024, 100% of sessions had a case. 75% of sessions had a case by a spoke.

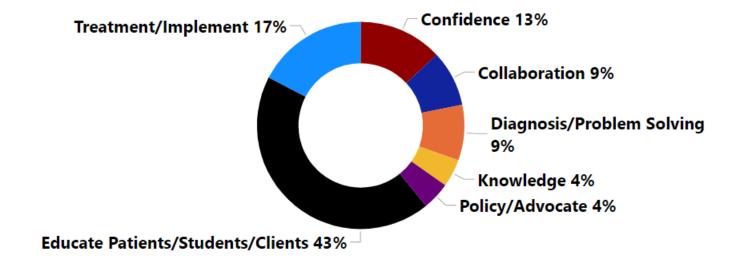
		2022	2023	2024
# of Sessions	Total for Year	24	24	24
	With No Case	0	0	0
# of Cases	Presented by Hub	9	8	13
	Presented by Spoke	15	16	11
% of sess	sions with cases presented by Spokes	63%	67%	46%
		2022	2023	2024
# of Sessions	tal for Year	8	8	8
	th No Case	3	1	0
Pr	esented by Hub	1	2	2
# of Cases	esented by Spoke	4	5	6
% of sessions with cases presented by Spokes		50%	63%	75%
		2022	2023	2024
# of Sessions	Total for Year	10	8	8
	With No Case	1	0	0
# of Cases	Presented by Hub	7	6	6
	Presented by Spoke	2	2	2
% of sess	sions with cases presented by Spokes	20%	25%	25%

Show-Me ECHO

Changes in Practice



Areas of Change



Changes in Practice

Collaboration

- Planning to emphasize provider participation in Asthma ECHO programs for clinics that sign LOAs for the ALPACAH/RCAT Project. Develop marketing relationship with Missouri Rural Health Association
- and Missouri Primary Care Association, including conference presentations.
- Work across settings to improve asthma outcomes for children home, school, clinic and agencies.

Diagnosis/Problem Solving

- · Using the asthma action score.
- We will integrate more uniform screenings/history and implement more objective monitoring.

Knowledge

 I really liked the in-depth look at management and identification of asthma triggers in the home and potentially school environment.

Treatment/Implement

- EPR-4 guidelines.
- · Staying current on treatment and resource availability.
- · Use asthma best practices.

Policy/Advocate

 We will continue to make progressive modification to daily practices as we evolve to meet quality measures and practice guidelines in pediatric asthma care.

Confidence

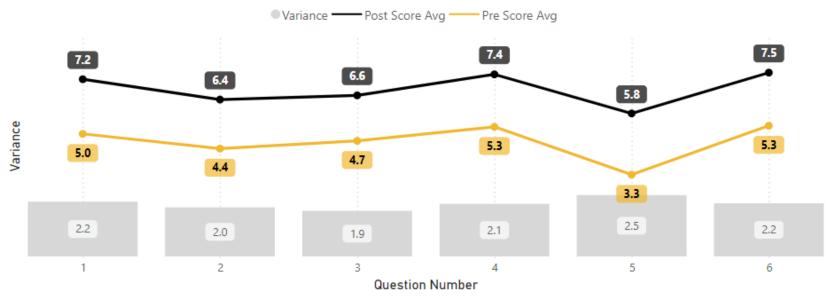
- Ask certain questions pertaining to the subject.
- I have found it helpful to have reinforced the education I already had to build my confidence in the knowledge base I have.
- · More confidence in diagnosing.

Educate Patients/Students/Clients

- Continue to educate students and work on proper inhaler technique through us of In-Check dial, Asthma in a Minute cards, and FEV1 monitoring – along with investigating triggers and medication
- adherence.
- · Giving different learning tools.
- · Having more different cases presentation.
- I have more resources and information to share with healthcare workers and families.
- I learned alot about environmental triggers. I thought the discussion from the asthma environmental assessor was very informative and will speak to my members parents with asthma children about
- · those items.
- I will bring many of the suggestions and solutions presented during the ECHO sessions to the parents I work with. They will definitely benefit from them.
- I will continue to [speak] clinicians regarding SMART therapy.
- Improved care by having up-to-date information, encouraging parents to discuss treatment options with providers including SMART therapy.
- Offer up-to-date resources to staff trained. Offer up-to-date guidance with training and what I learn from cases – take those recommendations into practice and educating others.
- To provide education on the overall asthma condition.

Core Self-Efficacy Questions

- 0. Not confident at all
- 2. Not very confident
- 4. Somewhat confident
- 6. Confident
- 8. Very confident
- 10. Highly confident/expert



The variance value may vary by .1 due to rounding. Average N-size = 13.

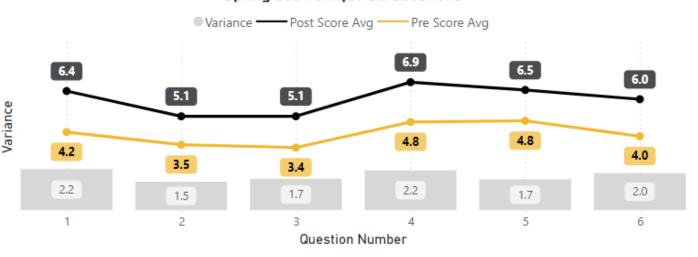
Questions

- 1 Identify and treat asthma.
- 2 Prescribe the right medications and suggest proven ways to care for asthma.
- 3 Detect and make referrals to treat health concerns that are related to asthma.
- 4 Help my patients understand the reasons for their medications, the importance of taking them, and the treatment of asthma.
- 5 Serve as the local expert in my clinic and my part of the state for asthma.
- 6 Use what I have learned about asthma to treat those in my care.

Unique Self-Efficacy Questions

- 0. Not confident at all
- 2. Not very confident
- 4. Somewhat confident
- 6. Confident
- 8. Very confident
- 10. Highly confident/expert

Spring 2024 Unique SE Questions



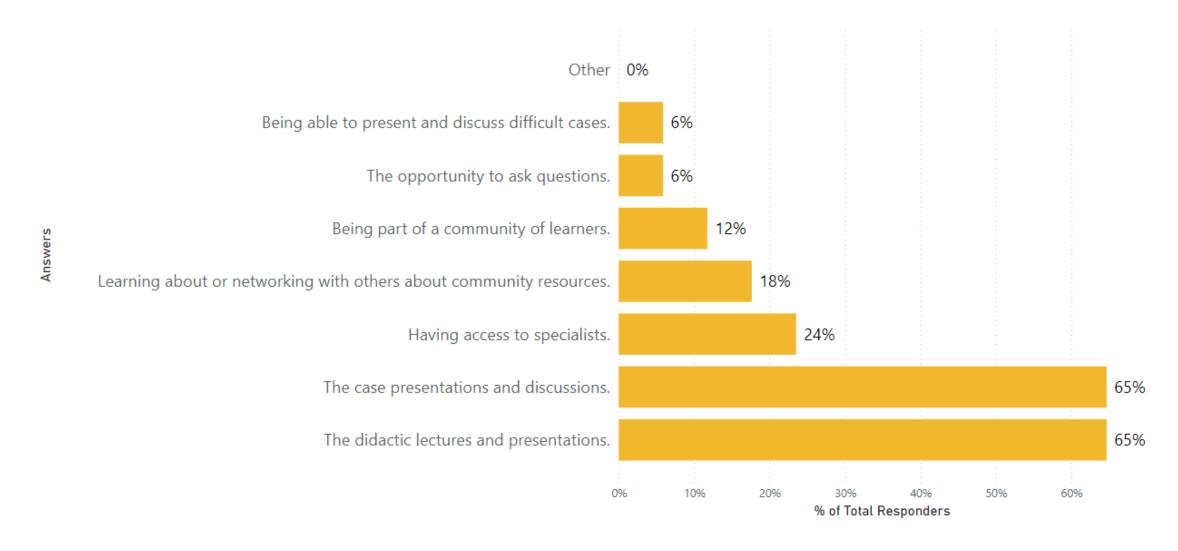
The variance value may vary by .1 due to rounding. Average N-size = 12.

Questions

- 1 Diagnose asthma by severity including intermittent, mild persistent, moderate persistent, and severe persistent.
- 2 Use objective measures of airflow to assess lung function impairment, response to treatment, and level of control including well controlled, not well controlled, very poorly controlled.
- 3 Use standardized asthma impairment and symptom scores to assess asthma control.
- 4 Assess patients' environmental triggers.
- 5 Intervene to reduce patients' environmental triggers.
- 6 Engage community-based health care workers to achieve better adherence and outcomes (e.g., school nurses, asthma educators, community health workers, and home visitors).

Participant Perspective

Most Helpful Aspects of this ECHO



Note: Respondents could choose up to two answers. Percentages on graph reflect the number of participants who chose that answer, and the total will not equal exactly 100%. N-size = 17.

Goals and Outcomes (Last Updated: 12/05/2023)

	Goals	Outcomes
Asthma 1 – Impact Asthma	Entry-level program defines asthma best practices for clinical and community-based professionals caring for people with asthma.	*Increase adoption of asthma best practices, addressing the 4 components of national asthma guidelines.
Asthma 2 – Asthma Care Accelerator	Providers interested in delivering high quality asthma care and education.	*Support practice-based quality improvement programs that enable providers to implement national asthma guidelines through adoption of best practices. *Increase numbers of outpatient visits for preventative asthma care.
Asthma 3 – Asthma Care & Education	To bring together clinic and community health professionals with asthma experts across disciplines to support coordinated services and better health outcomes through collective impact.	*Identify best practices for school, home, community, and clinical settings. *Meet state and national requirements for Asthma Educator and Asthma Home Environmental Assessment recertification (requirement is 7 hours of continuing education annually).

General Self Efficacy Questions (Last Updated: 12/05/2023)

I am confident I have the skills to....

- 1. Identify and treat asthma.
- 2. Prescribe the right medications and suggest proven ways to care for asthma.
- 3. Detect and make referrals to treat health concerns that are related to asthma.
- 4. Help my patients understand the reasons for their medications, the importance of taking them, and the treatment of asthma.
- 5. Serve as the local expert in my clinic and my part of the state for asthma.
- 6. Use what I have learned about asthma to treat those in my care.

Unique Self Efficacy Questions (Last Updated: 12/05/2023)

I am confident I have the skills to....

- 1. Diagnose asthma by severity including intermittent, mild persistent, moderate persistent, and severe persistent.
- 2. Use objective measures of airflow to assess lung function impairment, response to treatment, and level of control including well controlled, not well controlled, very poorly controlled.
- 3. Use standardized asthma impairment and symptom scores to assess asthma control.
- 4. Assess patients' environmental triggers.
- 5. Intervene to reduce patients' environmental triggers.
- 6. Engage community-based health care workers to achieve better adherence and outcomes (e.g., school nurses, asthma educators, community health workers, and home visitors).

Asthma - Topics Suggested by Participants (May 2024 & Oct 2024 Survey)

May 2024

- Community based education on the management of asthma.
- Current practices and how to appropriately administer inhalers
- Home and office assessment/technology
- Medications and spirometry
- New treatment
- Patient education, local resources to assist in patient care, refresh trainings on asthma monitoring tools within the school setting ie: FEV1.
- Peak flow/inhaler/neb techniques for all ages

Oct 2024

- Outer spectrum ones
- Environmental asthma trigger management and intervention. More information on community resources and how different aspects of asthma care and intervention are connected and accessed.
- Environmental home assessments
- Technique for teaching kids of all ages how to use their inhalers

Asthma 1 – Didactic Schedule

2023

2024

- Applying Best Practices
- Monitoring Asthma Risk and Impairment
- Assessing and Managing Environmental Triggers
- Engaging Preventative Asthma Services
- Asthma Essentials Part 1
- Monitoring Asthma Risk and Impairment
- Assessing and Managing Environmental Triggers
- Engaging Preventative Asthma Services

- Asthma Essentials Part 1
- Applying Best (Asthma) Practices
- Indoor Environmental Asthma Triggers
- Engaging Preventative Asthma Services
- Asthma Essentials Part 1
- Applying Best (Asthma) Practices
- Indoor Environmental Asthma Triggers
- Engaging Preventative Asthma Services

Asthma 2 – Didactic Schedule

2023

2024

- Quality Improvement Project: Principals
- Asthma Risk Patient Panel Report: Tool for Change
- Cause and Effect
- Practice Facilitation and Key Messages: Asthma Day
- Weatherization Assistance Programs
- School-based Programs
- Nurse Care Manager Role and Services

- Quality Improvement Project: Principals
- Asthma Risk Patient Panel Report: Tool for Change
- Asthma National Guideline Practice Inventory: A Fresh Look
- Practice Facilitation and Key Messages: Asthma Day
- Asthma Self Care and the Environmental Home Assessment
- Asthma School Check-Up and Assessment: National Standards
- Case Presentations Asthma Day
- Case Presentations Asthma Day

Asthma 3 – Didactic Schedule

2023

- Asthma 3 Community Overview
- Home Environmental Assessment (Part 1)
- Asthma Risk and Impairment/Child Asthma Risk Assessment Tool
- · Methods of Engaging Parents of Children with Asthma
- School-Based Asthma Education
- Outdoor Air Quality and Respiratory Health
- Asthma Key Messages
- Asthma Education and Healthy Homes Assessment Courses for Community Health Workers
- Environmental Assessment Self-Help and Community Support
- Use of Administrative Claims Data to Support Population Health for Asthma

2024

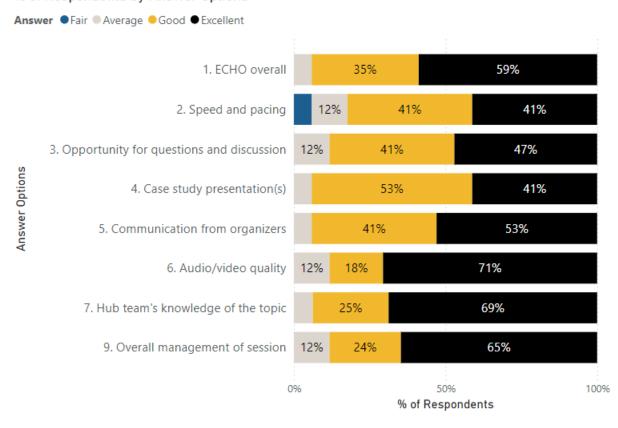
- Use of Administrative Claims Data to Support Population Health for Asthma
- Asthma Key Messages
- Home Environmental Assessment (Part 1)
- Environmental Triggers for Asthma
- School-Based Asthma Care
- CARAT
- Methods of Engaging Parents of Children with Asthma
- Community Health Work Asthma Training and Care



Participant Perspectives

Survey May 2024

% of Respondents by Answer Options



How would you rate the following aspects of this ECHO?

% of Responses Good/Excellent

Answer Option	Spring '24	Fall '23	% Variance
6. Audio/video quality	88%	92%	-4%
7. Hub team's knowledge of the topic	94%	92%	1%
9. Overall management of session	88%	92%	-4%
4. Case study presentation(s)	94%	85%	10%
5. Communication from organizers	94%	85%	10%
1. ECHO overall	94%	77%	17%
2. Speed and pacing	82%	77%	5%
3. Opportunity for questions and discussion	88%	69%	19%
8. Scheduling / time of day		58%	-58%

Note: Total Spring 2024 N-Size = 17. Total Fall 2023 N-Size = 13.

Comments

Administration at my practice is supportive of ECHO, however, no patient care time can be used to attend. It would be helpful to focus on the didactics/discussions and not spend time on weekly introductions.

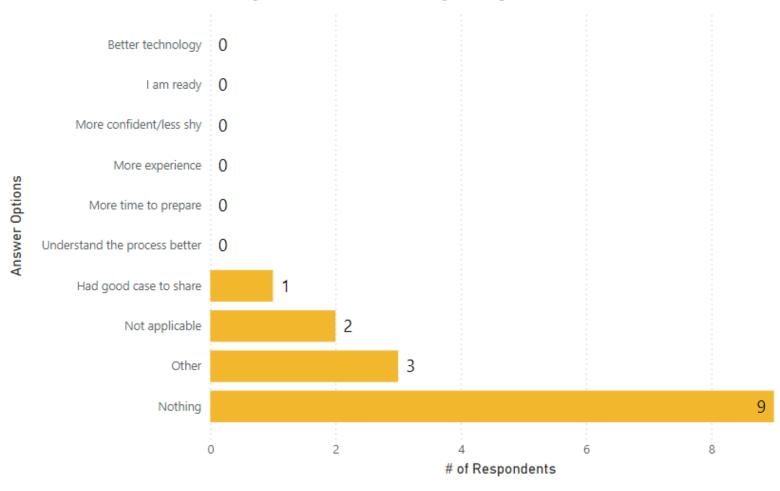
I am sorry, but the time spent at the beginning of a seminar each time introducing people on the call is a waste. Why not just the moderator introduce themselves and each speaker or presenter introduce themselves prior to presenting the case or giving the didactic?

I know it's necessary, but introductions take so long.

I love ECHO!

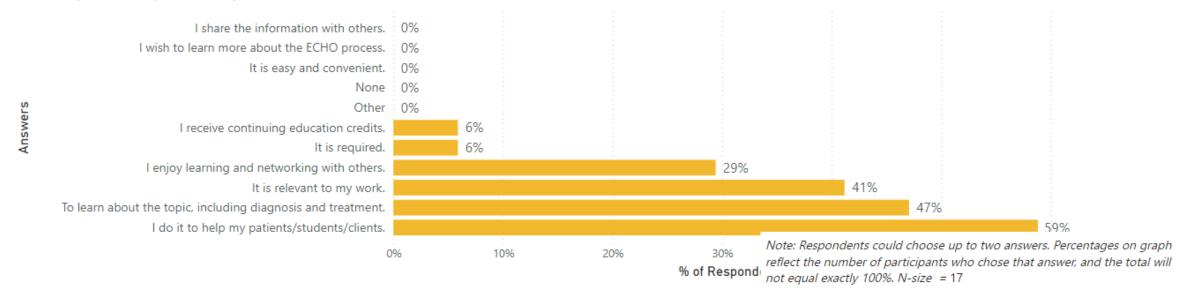
Participant Perspective

What would make you more likely to present a case?



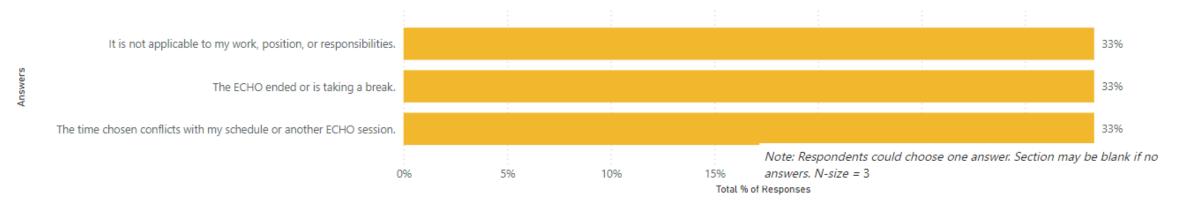
Why Do You Still Attend...

% of Respondents by Answer Option



... And Not Attend ECHOs.

Why Quit Attending



Missouri Telehealth Network Project ECHO®